

For Information Only

2008 Performance Measurement Information

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Presented:	Wednesday, Sep 23, 2009
Report Date	Monday, Aug 17, 2009
Туре:	Correspondence for Information Only

Recommendation

For Information Only

Policy Implications

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Background

The Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) was first introduced by the Province in the year 2000 and provides citizens with information about the efficiency and effectiveness of municipal services. For 2008, the City of Greater Sudbury reported on 49 measures in 12 core service areas.

Signed By

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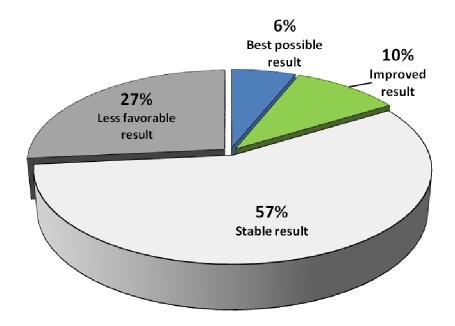
Multi-year results are included in the report, to provide the reader with a sense of the trends.

Introduction

2008 Ontario Municipal Performance Measurement Program Results for the City of Greater Sudbury:

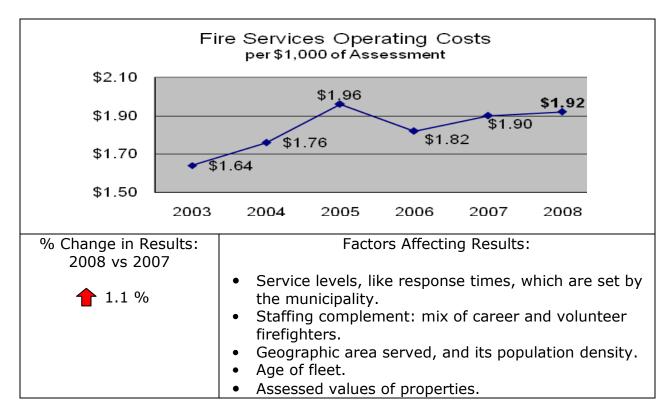
This 8th annual Report to Citizens provides an overview of the City of Greater Sudbury's Municipal Performance Measurement Program (MPMP) results. The MPMP program was implemented by the Ontario Government in 2000 and is designed "to provide taxpayers with useful information on service delivery" and to provide municipalities "with a tool to improve those services over time". Municipalities collect data to measure their performance in 12 core service areas.

Of the 49 MPMP measures applicable to Greater Sudbury in 2008, 73% had results that were either the best possible result, an improved result or a stable result relative to 2007. These results are summarized in the chart below.

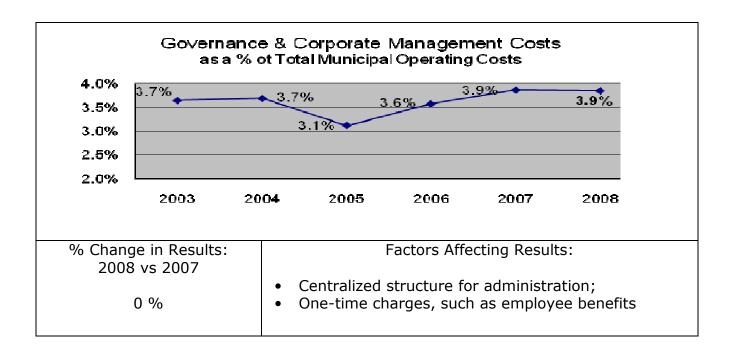


The City of Greater Sudbury is committed to using performance measurement tools such as MPMP to identify opportunities for improvement in the delivery of municipal services.

Fire



General Government



Land Use Planning

Percentage of new residential units located within settlement areas.

Year	# within	Total new	%
	Settlement Area	residential units	
2008	468	560	83.6
2007	574	662	86.7

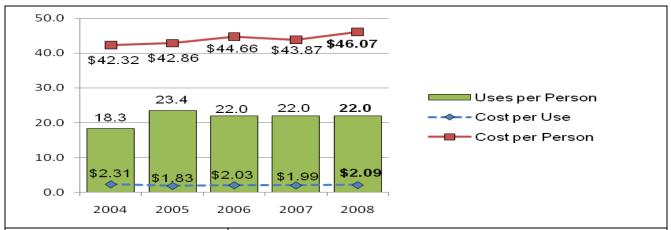
No data is reported for the years prior to 2007, since the Ontario government changed its reporting requirements for this measure in 2007.

With the final approval, in April 2008, of the new and first Official Plan for the amalgamated City, the number of hectares designated for agricultural use was revised from 35,098 hectares to 5,827 hectares. For this reason, the City did not report in 2008 on the Ministry measures pertaining to hectares of land designated for agricultural purposes and changes thereto.

The City had previously reported to MPMP that, of the 35,062 hectares designated for agricultural purposes on January 1, 2000, virtually all remained so designated.

Year	Hectares re-designated	Cumulative number of	
	for other uses	hectares re-designated	
2003	0	19	
2004	0	19	
2005	1	20	
2006	3	23	
2007	13	36	

Library Services



% Change in Results: 2008 vs. 2007

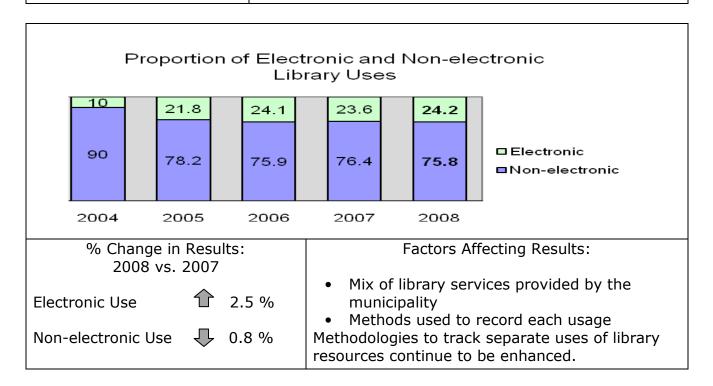
Uses per Person 0.0 %

Cost per Person 1 5.0 %

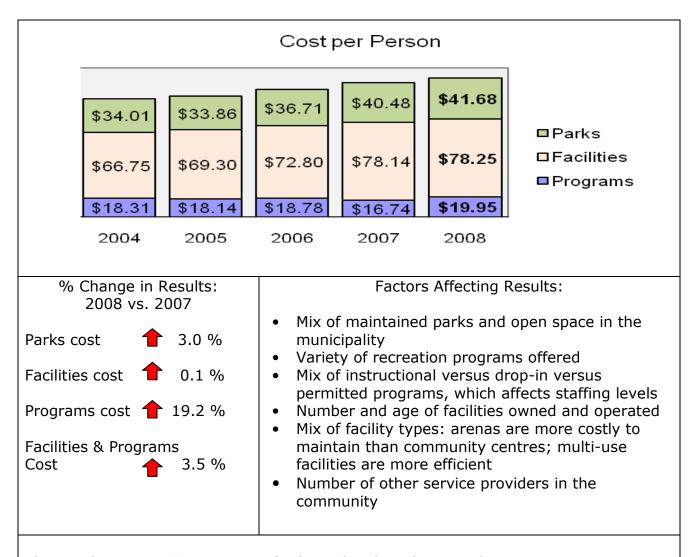
Factors Affecting Results:

- Service levels established by Library Boards and municipal councils, as reflected in resources invested.
- Mix of different library uses provided in a municipality and the methods used to record them.

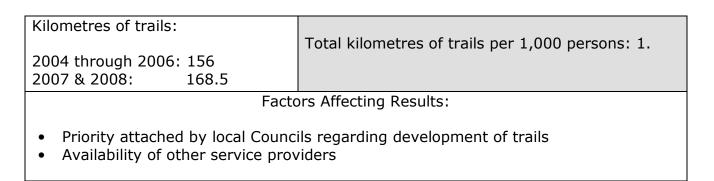
Users from beyond a municipality's border, who access specialized collections or services, are not captured by the data as presently defined.



Parks and Recreation



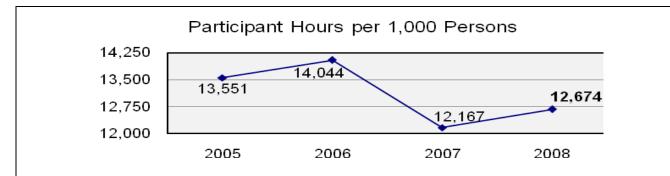
The City has over 200 recreation facilities distributed across the community. Operational direction is guided by the *Healthy Community Strategy*, and by the *Parks*, *Open Space and Leisure Master Plan*.



Parks and Recreation

Hectares of open space (municipally owned) per 1,000 persons: 4.

Due to the challenges inherent in measuring open space in a municipality of our size (Ontario's largest, at 3,627 square kilometers), open space has been estimated at 621 hectares for MPMP reporting purposes, and represents open space in urban areas only.



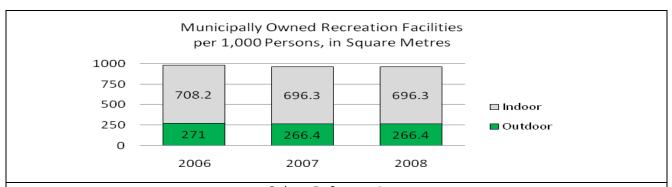
% Change in Results: 2008 vs. 2007

1

4.2 %

Factors Affecting Results:

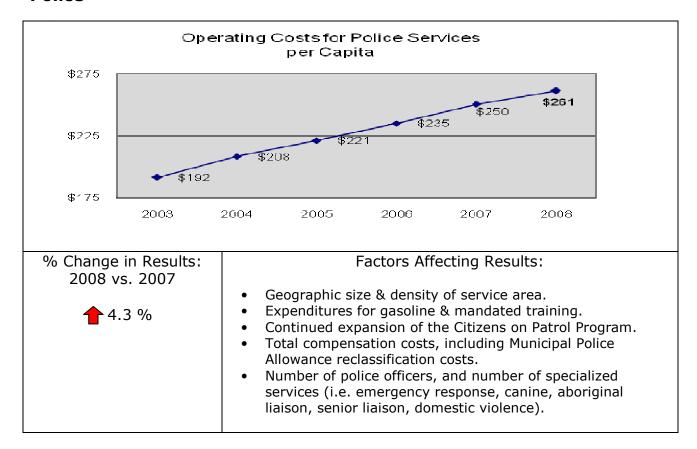
- Ability of tracking system to accurately capture all uses.
- Availability of facilities and their hours of operation.
- Variety of recreational program types offered.
- Weather conditions, which can affect the length of season (i.e. skating, skiing in winter).

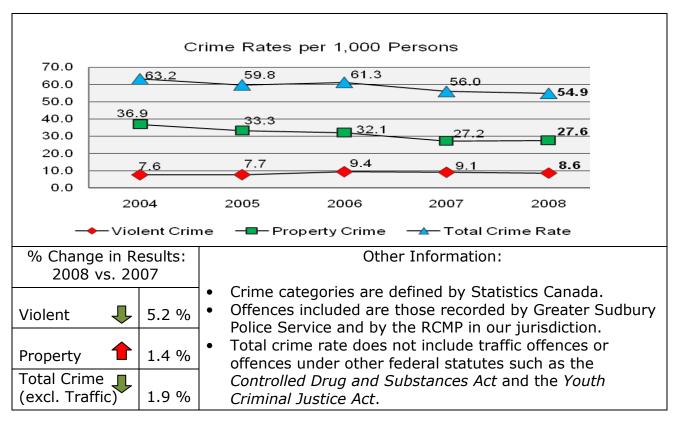


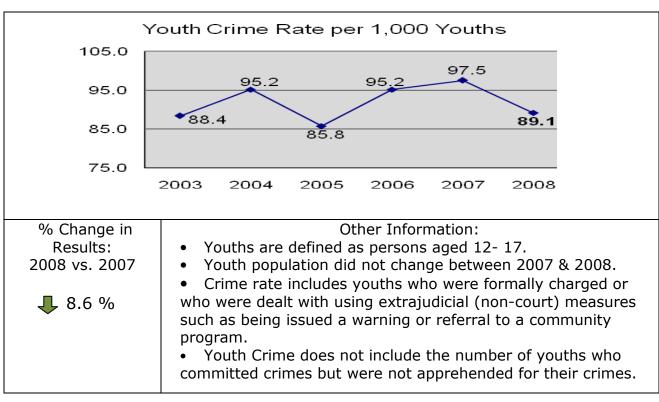
Other Information:

- Amount of recreation facilities has remained static for the 3 years of MPMP reporting.
- Indoor: 111,899 square metresOutdoor: 42,810 square metres

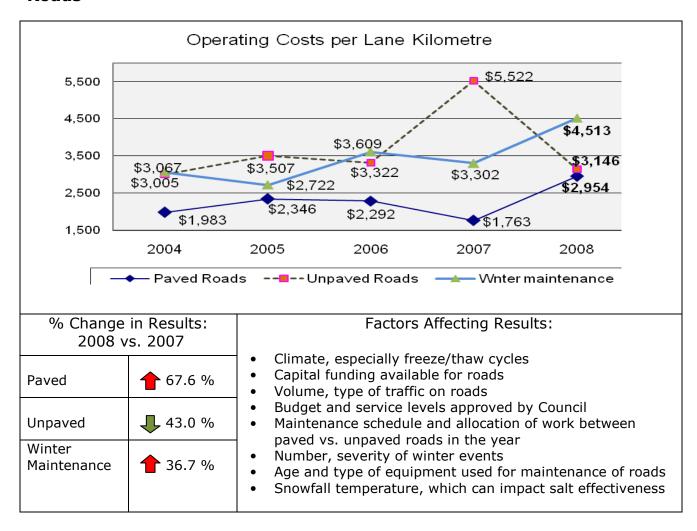
Police







Roads

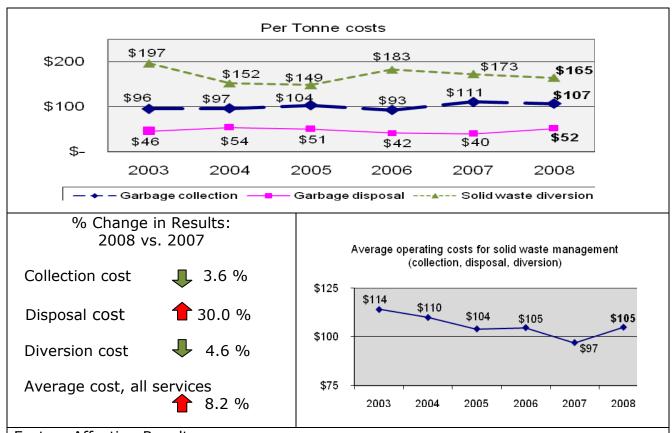


Percentage of paved lane kilometers where the condition is rated as good to very good.			
2005: 52.7%	2006: 52.7%	2007: 51.2%	2008: 51.3%

Percentage of winter events where response met or exceeded locally determined municipal service levels for road maintenance.

100% compliance to local standard, for each year of MPMP reporting.

Solid Waste



Factors Affecting Results:

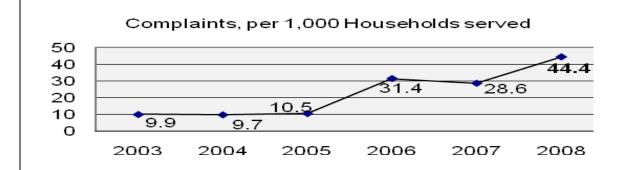
- Frequency of pick-up, urban vs. rural area service, residential vs. commercial and industrial service
- Distance between pick-ups and amount collected at each stop
- Distance to disposal and transfer sites
- Precipitation, which impacts weight of waste collected
- Nature and extent of municipality's recycling efforts
- Number of materials included in recycling program
- Promotion and enforcement of recycling program

Other Information:

- All collection services are provided by private contract, except in the former City of Sudbury (municipal employees).
- See Appendix at end of report regarding the City's recycling program.

Note: Certain prior year tonnage figures have been restated.

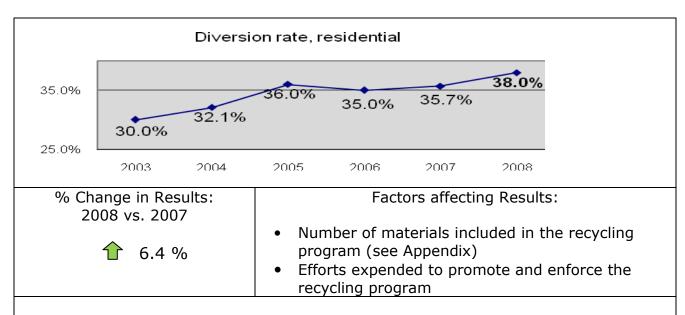
Solid Waste



Factors affecting Results:

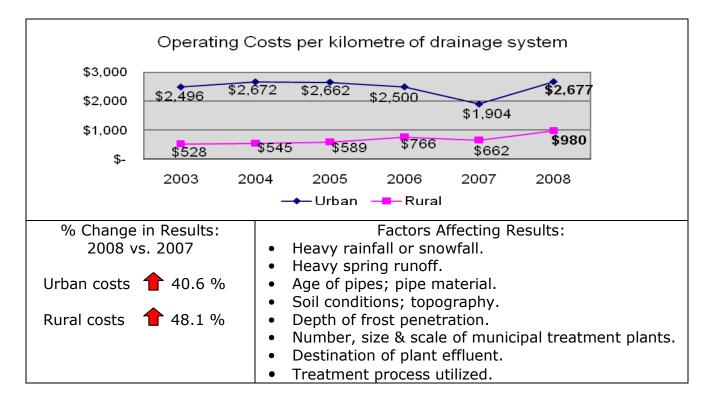
- Methods used to track complaints
- Citizens' understanding of municipality's programs
- Number of new or changed programs (i.e. leaf & yard trimming collection, bag limits, items included in recycling program)

Note: The method used to tabulate citizens' complaints has been refined over the past two years, to now better and more efficiently reflect the actual issues, such as recycling or collection problems.

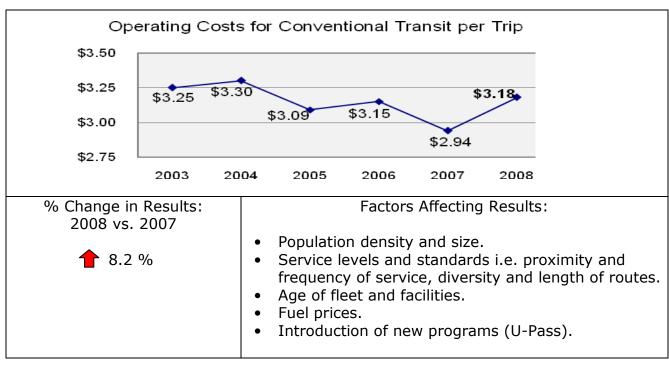


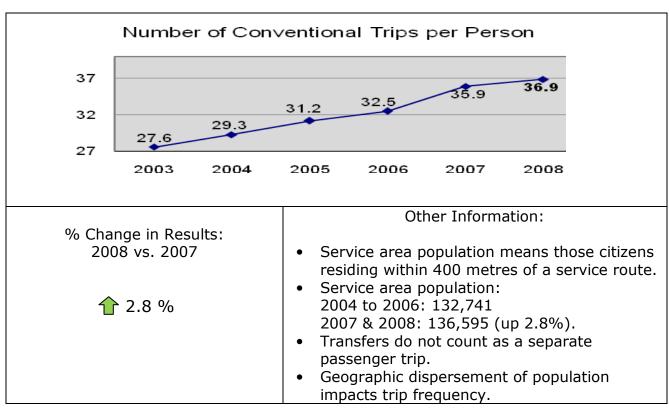
Note: The reported diversion rate is subject to annual verification by Waste Diversion Ontario (WDO). Rates may be restated following such reviews.

Storm Water

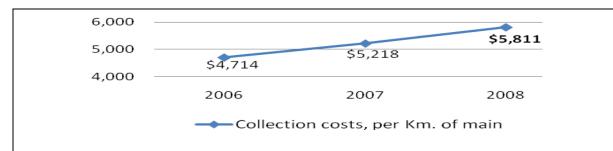


Transit





Wastewater



% Change in Results: 2008 vs. 2007

Collection costs

1

11.4 %

Factors affecting Collection costs:

- Distance between collection points and treatment plants
- Extent of water infiltration into the sewers
- Topography; number of lift stations
- Amount of water mains



% Change in Results: 2008 vs. 2007

Treatment & Disposal cost: 4 5.0 %

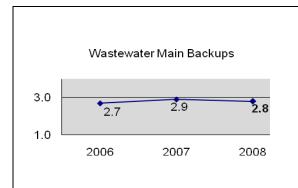
Collection, Treatment

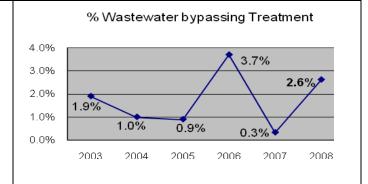
& Disposal cost:

↓4.4 %

Factors affecting Treatment & Disposal costs:

- Number, size, scale, and age of treatment plants
- Whether plants receive both sewage and storm-water
- Method of sludge disposal
- Type of treatment process utilized Destination of plant effluent





Factors Affecting Results:

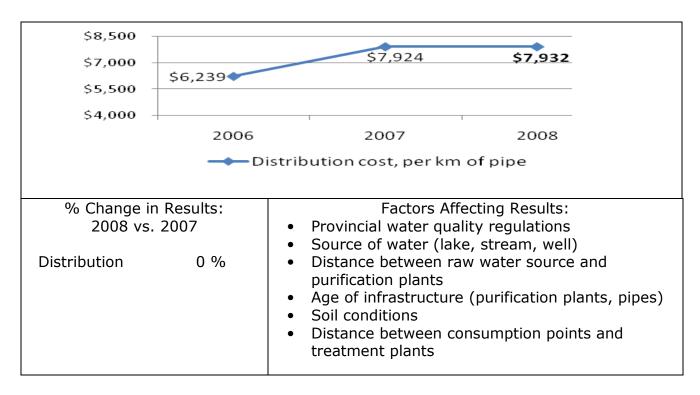
Number of lift stations Whether by-passes are estimated or metered

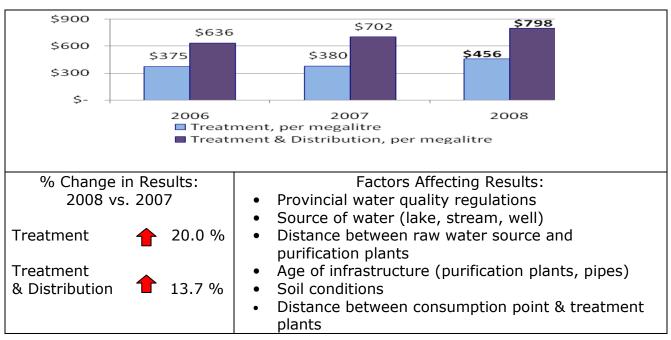
Heavy spring runoff and/or rainfall Age and condition of pipes

Other information:

- A backup is defined as an obstruction or hydraulic overload in the municipal system which results in a backup of wastewater that may enter a house.
- Obstructions in a lateral line (from a house to the wastewater main) are not included since lateral lines are not a municipal responsibility.
- About one half of by-passes occur at lift stations; these volumes are estimated.
- By-pass flows which occur at the sewage treatment plants are metered.

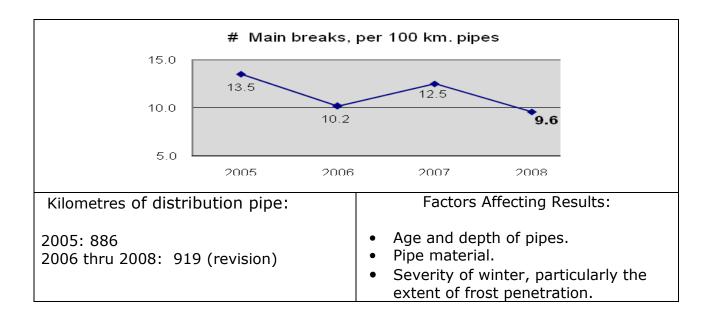
Water





Weighted number of days when a boil water advisory issued by the Medical Officer of Health, applicable to a municipal water supply, was in effect.

No boil water advisories were issued in the years 2003 through 2008.



Appendix

Common Definitions contained in Report

Term, Reference	Common Definition within Report	
Population; Per Person	2008: 160,700 2007: 160,700 2006: 158,000 2005: 155,339 2004: 155,000 2003: 155,000	
Land Mass	3,627 square kilometres (largest in Ontario)	
Lane Kilometre	A continuous lane of road which conveys traffic in one direction.	
Megalitre	1,000,000 litres or 1,000 cubic metres	
Tonne	A metric tonne equals 2,205 pounds or 1,000 kilograms.	
Conventional transit	All regular public transportation services as opposed to specialized transit services for persons with disabilities who are unable to access regular public transportation services.	
Assessment	Raw assessment for all property classes, which includes: taxable properties; 'payments-in-lieu of taxation' properties; & exempt properties.	

Other Information:

- 1. No new service areas were added to MPMP in 2005 through 2008.
- 2. The definitions of some measures have been altered from that of previous years, in accordance with the Ministry's directive. In these situations and where possible, previous year's results have been restated in order to provide data that is comparable.
- 3. In 2008 the City owned 16 waste management facilities for which a Ministry of Environment Certificate of Approval applied (2003 through 2007: 8 facilities).
- 4. No compliance orders have been issued by the Ministry of Environment, for remediation concerning an air or groundwater standard, for any municipally owned solid waste facility in the years 2003 through 2008.
- 5. Details about the City's blue box recycling program can be found at: http://www.greatersudbury.ca/cms/index.cfm?app=div_wastemanagement&lang=en&currID=1130
- 6. All data within the Report is current as at July 8, 2009.