Community Response to Opioid Crisis

City of Greater Sudbury Council Delegation
January 21, 2020

Community Drug Strategy, Executive Co-Chairs

Chief Paul Pedersen, Greater Sudbury Police Services

Dr. Penny Sutcliffe, Medical Officer of Health, Public Health Sudbury & Districts









What are our key messages about opioids?

- 1. It is a crisis
- 2. Sudbury is not immune
- 3. Sudbury is well-prepared to respond
- 4. Key messages for the public
- 5. Key actions for municipal leaders

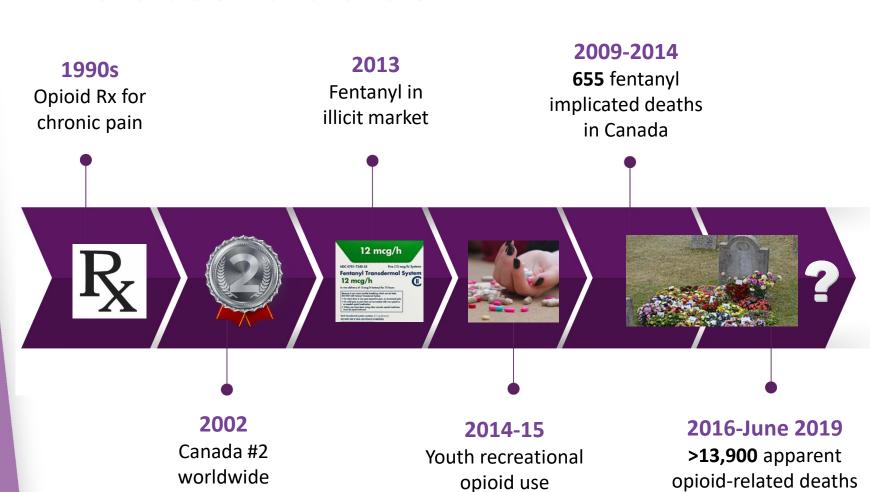




The evolution of a crisis

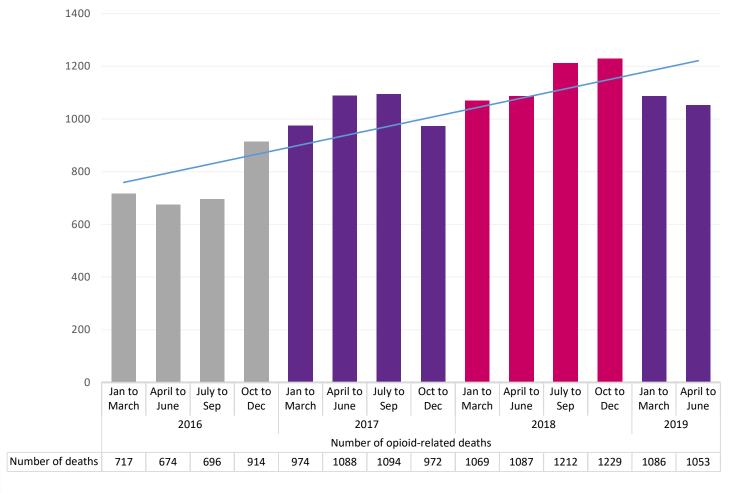
consumer of Rx

opioids



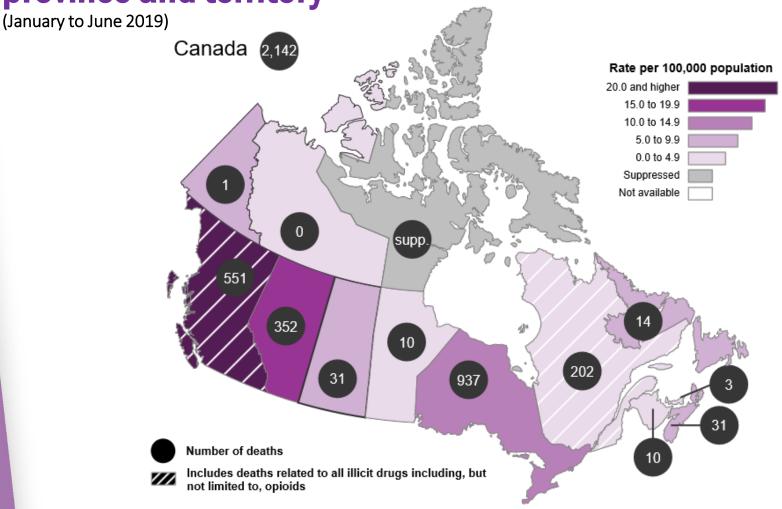
in Canada

Opioid-related deaths in Canada 2016–2018



Data source: Health Canada, National Report: Apparent Opioid-related Deaths in Canada, June 2019

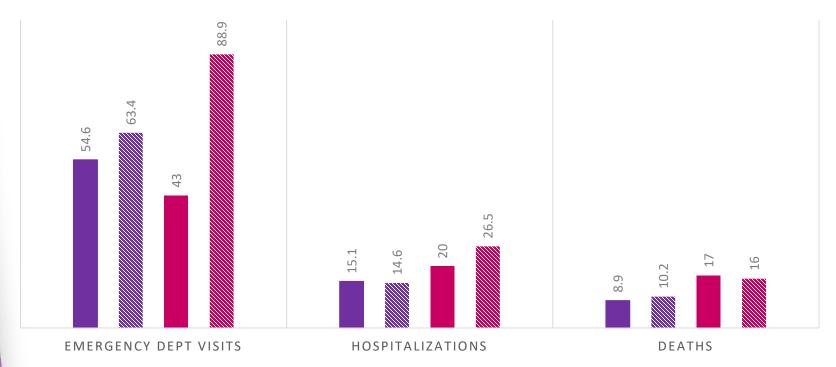
Number and rate of apparent opioid-related deaths by province and territory



Sudbury is not immune to the opioid crisis

Emergency Department visits, hospitalizations, and deaths (rates per 100,000, Ontario and PHSD, 2017 and 2018)

■ Ontario 2017 Nontario 2018 Public Health Sudbury & Districts 2017 Public Health Sudbury & Districts 2018







What do we know about people in our area who died from opioid-related causes?

Occupation	Unavailable
Sex	75% male
Intention	90% unintentional
Demographics	80% Caucasian
Age	44% 25-44 years old
Dwelling	Most in private residence
Location	Most used and died in private residence

Sources: PHO Interactive Tool, April 2017 to June 2019 and Office of the Chief Coroner for Ontario, April 2017 to June 2019

Sudbury is well prepared to respond

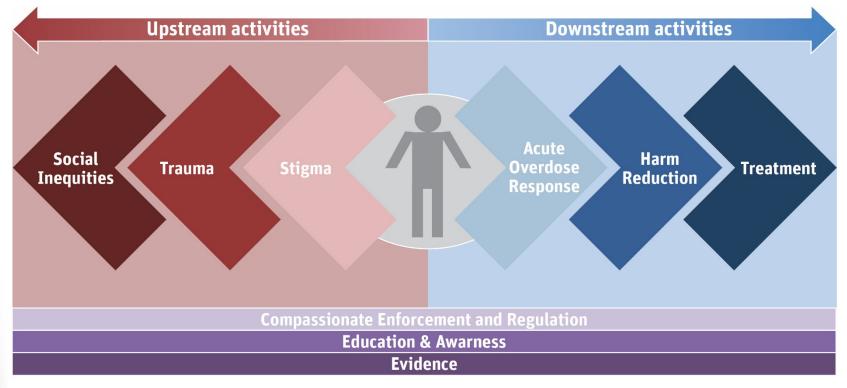
"The opioid overdose crisis is a complex problem that we know will take time to turn around. To have a significant and lasting impact, we need to continue working together on whole-of-society changes. This includes addressing the **stigma** that surrounds substance use, implementing further **harm reduction** measures and **reducing barriers to treatment**. It also means continuing to work together to better understand and address the drivers of this crisis, such as **mental illness**, and **social and economic** factors that put Canadians at increased risk."

Dr. Theresa Tam, Co-Chair, Special Advisory Committee on the Epidemic of Opioid Overdoses Joint Statement December, 2019





If there was an easy solution, we would have found it.



https://www.oecd.org/health/health-systems/Canada%E2%80%99s-Opioid-Crisis-Presentation-OECD.pdf

The steps currently being taken to address the crisis, as well as those being proposed, demand, however, that enough people **care**, a precious commodity in the crisis.

Ottawa Citizen

Four pillars

Health Promotion

Enforcementand Justice

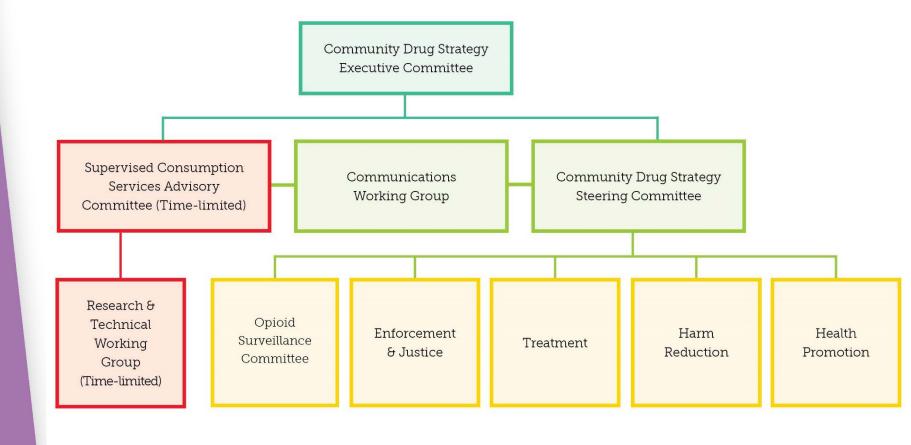
Harm Reduction

Treatment





Community Drug Strategy organizational chart



• time limited

Community Drug Strategy



Drug Strategy pillars

Health Promotion

- Opioid poisonings response plan
- Surveillance and early warning
- Communications media, social media, website, presentations
- Empowerment and resiliency

Enforcement and Justice

- Community safety & target on suppliers with Joint Force Operation partners
- Naloxone training
- Officer & Security presence

Harm Reduction

- Naloxone program
- Needle exchange
- Service access
- Safer consumption

Treatment

- Expansion of treatment options and crisis response First responders training for diversion options
- Needs based planning and gap analyses

Four pillars

Health Promotion

Enforcement and Justice

Harm Reduction

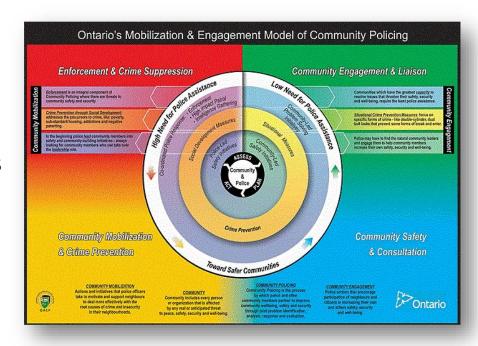
Treatment





Enforcement by GSPS

- GSPS responsible for all illicit drug complaints (Trafficking, Possession for the Purpose, Possession)
- Includes unlicensed cannabis sales and related investigations (CBD)
- Drug overdoses
- Crimes related to prescription frauds
- Asset forfeiture







2019 drug seizure totals

- Cocaine \$380,000
- Crack cocaine \$2,200
- Heroin \$1,992
- Fentanyl/heroin \$284,000
- Fentanyl patches \$144,000
- Fentanyl \$6,400
- Methamphetamines \$475,000
- Cannabis products \$270,000







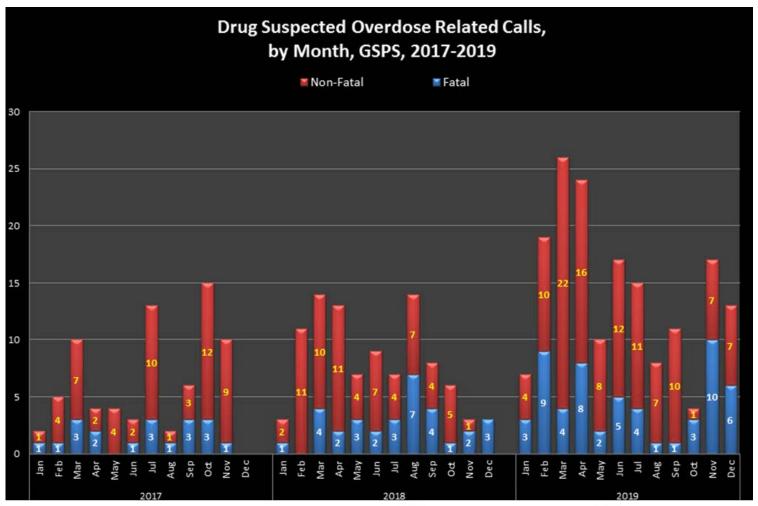
Proactive activities

- Trespass to Property Act, Liquor License Act, CDSA enforcement
- Partnership strategies with AGCO
- CPTED Audits
- BIA meetings & Coffee with a Cop
- Visibility and deterrence through increased foot and bike patrol
- Mobilization and Engagement





2019 drug overdose statistics





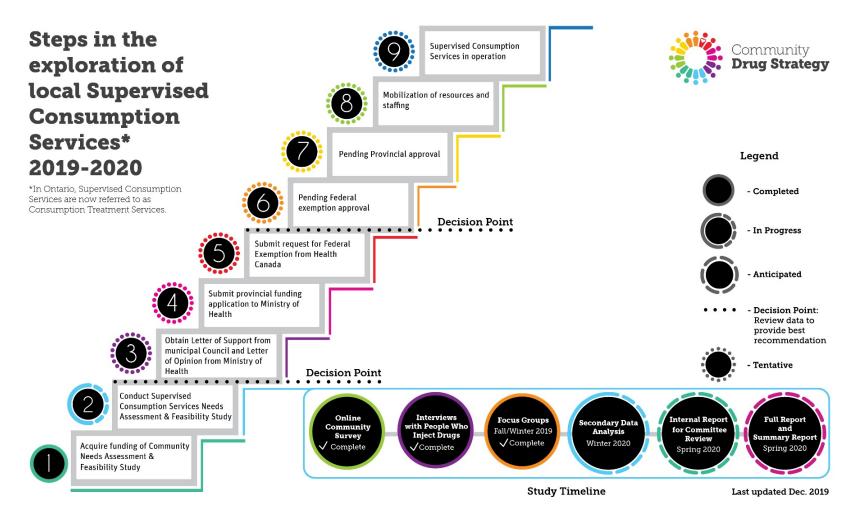


Downtown strategy: problem and analysis

- Increased property crime from 2017 to 2018 (+15.8%)
- Decreased violent crime from 2017 to 2018 (-8.5%)
- Increased social disorder from 2017 to 2018 (+11%)
- Hot Spot Analysis
 - Transit Centre/Tim Hortons/LCBO
 - Rainbow Centre
 - Old City Hall Lane
- Increased calls for service from 2018 to 2019 Jan-Nov (+6.5%)
- Closure of several places (including Salvation Army) in 2019 resulted in 275 people being displaced



Harm Reduction: Spotlight on safer consumption



Harm Reduction: Spotlight on Needles

Access to clean needles

- ~120,000 distributed per month
- ~75,000 returned per month (not including kiosks)
- Publicly-funded
- Evidence-based harm reduction
- Multiple locations (Public Health Sudbury & Districts Rainbow Centre and 1300 Paris Street, SACY, Reseau, OAHAS)



Needle disposal kiosks

- 1. Energy Court, vacant lot
- 2. Leslie Street, at the entrance of the Junction Creek Waterway Park Trail
- 3. Corner of Eva Avenue and Kathleen Street
- 4. Corner of Durham and Beech Street
- 5. Ste. Anne's stairs
- 6. Greater Sudbury Library, Mackenzie Street
- 7. Memorial Park
- 8. Hnatyshyn Park
- 9. Paris Street, next to Brady square
- 10. Pine Street
- 11. Red Cross Boulevard
- 12. Paris Street at Public Health Sudbury & Districts

Health Promotion: Spotlight on stigma

Stigma is a barrier to accessing services, health care, and treatment for people who use drugs.

"Stigma is the chief reason that people who use opioids do so alone. It prevents them from coming forward, and if they do seek help, it keeps them from admitting they were unwell in the first place."

Gord Garner, Executive Director, Community
Addictions Peer Support Association
(CAPSA) Ottawa Citizen













Key messages for the public

- Get involved be a part of the Community Drug Strategy
- Start early with resilience and opportunities for life
- Substance use does not discriminate
- Share overdose prevention messages
- We cannot enforce or treat our way out of this crisis
- It takes all of us; all sectors







Key municipal actions



- Decide on goals and get behind priorities
 - Youth wellness hub
 - Safer consumption
 - Roles for paramedicine
- Support public campaigns and personal actions to end stigma
- Make needle disposal bins normative
- Share success stories and learn from others





In closing

This is complex and costly. It's the consequence of 20 or 30 years of events... and to throw your hands up is not going to be successful. That's not the right solution, to say it's too big, too complex or not to think about those issues that are longer-term that we have to address.

Dr. Jeff Turnbull, <u>Ottawa Citizen</u>





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